Compactifications on stringy-size tori from double field theory

Mariana Graña CEA / Saclay France

In collaboration with

G. Aldazabal, S. Iguri, M. Mayo, C. Nuñez, A. Rosabal Y.Cagnacci, S. Iguri, C. Nuñez

arXiv:1510.07644 arXiv:1704.04242

"Recent advances in T/U dualities and generalized geometries" Zagreb, June 2017

Closed string





Closed string





Closed string

 ℓ_{s}



effective theory from KK reduction of 10d sugra

Closed string

 ℓ_{s}



effective theory from KK reduction of 10d sugra

Keep only zero modes of KK tower \rightarrow effective description valid at $E << \frac{1}{R} << \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$



Closed string

$$\int \boldsymbol{\ell}_{\mathbf{s}} = \boldsymbol{\ell}_{\mathbf{s}} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$$

effective theory from KK reduction of 10d sugra

Keep only zero modes of KK tower \rightarrow effective description valid at $E << \frac{1}{R} << \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$



Closed string

 $R = \ell_s = \sqrt{\alpha'}$ $\ell_{\rm S}$

effective theory from KK reduction of 10d sugra

Keep only zero modes of KK tower \rightarrow effective description valid at $E << \frac{1}{R} << \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$



Closed string

$$\bigcap \mathbf{R} = \boldsymbol{\ell}_{\mathbf{S}} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$$

effective theory from KK reduction of 10d sugra

Keep only zero modes of KK tower \rightarrow effective description valid at $E << \frac{1}{R} << \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$



Can we get an effective description valid at $E << \frac{1}{R} \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$

$$\tilde{R} = \frac{\alpha'}{R}$$



$$\tilde{R} = \frac{\alpha'}{R}$$



Hamiltonian

Hamiltonian
$$M^2 = \frac{2}{\alpha'}(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$$
Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

Besides $N = \bar{N} = 1$ kept in sugra, at $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$

Extra massless states for ex: $\bar{N} = 1, N = 0$ $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$

$$\tilde{R} = \frac{\alpha'}{R}$$

winding #



Hamiltonian

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

 $M^{2} = \frac{2}{\alpha'} (N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}}$

Besides $N = \bar{N} = 1$ kept in sugra, at $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$

Extra massless states for ex: $\bar{N} = 1, N = 0$ $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$

Extra massless states have momentum and/or winding on circle

$$\tilde{R} = \frac{\alpha'}{R}$$



Hamiltonian

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

Besides $N = \bar{N} = 1$ kept in sugra, at $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$

Extra massless states for ex: $\bar{N} = 1, N = 0$ $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$

Extra massless states have momentum and/or winding on circle

Double Field Theory gives a good effective description of the physics including these modes at $E << \frac{1}{R} \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$

 $M^{2} = \frac{2}{\alpha'} (N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}}$

$$\tilde{R} = \frac{\alpha'}{R}$$



Hamiltonian

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

Besides $N = \bar{N} = 1$ kept in sugra, at $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$

Extra massless states for ex: $\bar{N} = 1, N = 0$ $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$

Extra massless states have momentum and/or winding on circle

Double Field Theory gives a good effective description of the physics including these modes at $E << \frac{1}{R} \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$ $\alpha' = 1$

 $M^{2} = \frac{2}{\alpha'}(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}}$

$$\tilde{R} = \frac{\alpha'}{R}$$



Hamiltonian $M^2 = \frac{2}{\alpha'}(N+\bar{N}-2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

Besides $N = \bar{N} = 1$ kept in sugra, at $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$

Extra massless states for ex: $\bar{N} = 1, N = 0$ $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$

Extra massless states have momentum and/or winding on circle

Double Field Theory gives a good effective description of the physics including these modes at $E << \frac{1}{R} \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}$ $\alpha' = 1$

Effective action for compactifications of bosonic string on stringy-size T^d from DFT

Field theory incorporating T-duality

winding

momentum $p \longleftrightarrow y$ compact coordinate

 $\widetilde{p} \iff \widetilde{y}$ new, dual coordinate

Field theory incorporating T-duality

However, it requires constraints

Level matching condition

on
$$\underline{\bar{N} - N} = p\tilde{p} \qquad \partial_{\tilde{y}} \qquad \partial_{\tilde{y}} \qquad \partial_{y}\partial_{\tilde{y}}(\quad) = 0$$

=0 in usual =0
massless states

Field theory incorporating T-duality

$$\eta_{MN} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ & \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

However, it requires constraints

Level matching condition

$$\begin{array}{c} \partial_{y} & \partial_{\tilde{y}} \\ \bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p} & \partial_{y}\partial_{\tilde{y}}(\) = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & \eta^{MN}\partial_{M}\partial_{N}(\) = 0 \\ \text{massless states} & 1 \\ 1, \dots, 2D \end{array}$$
 weak constraint









Include winding modes here



Include winding modes here



Include winding modes here , violating weak constraint

(though satisfying level matching condition)

Strong constraint sufficient but not necessary

Efforts in trying to get consistency while relaxing strong constraint

•Necessary and sufficient conditions for closure of algebra M.G., Marques 12

Interpretation in a generic context obscure...

But in the context of "Generalized Sherk-Schwarz reductions" (leading to gauged maximal or half-maximal sugra)

Closure of algebra \Leftrightarrow quadratic constraints of gauged sugra weaker than strong constraint (also weak \Leftrightarrow strong in GSS)

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Mass} & M^2 = 2(N+\bar{N}-2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2} \\ \mbox{Level-matching} & \bar{N}-N = p\tilde{p} \end{array}$$

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$$

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

Vectors
$$\bar{N}_x = 1$$

-
$$N_y = 1$$
 $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$

-
$$N_y = 0$$
 $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$

Vectors
$$\ ar{N}_x = 1$$

-
$$N_y = 1$$
 $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$

-
$$N_y = 0$$
 $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$$

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

$$V \sim J^3(z) \cdot (\partial X^\mu e^{ikX})$$

$$V \sim J^{\pm}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$$

$$J^{3}(z) = \partial Y^{L}(z)$$
$$J^{\pm}(z) = e^{\pm 2iY^{L}(z)}$$

Vectors
$$\ ar{N}_x = 1$$

-
$$N_y = 1$$
 $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$

-
$$N_y = 0$$
 $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$$

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

$$V \sim J^3(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^\mu e^{ikX})$$

$$V \sim J^{\pm}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$$

$$J^{3}(z) = \partial Y^{L}(z)$$
$$J^{\pm}(z) = e^{\pm 2iY^{L}(z)}$$

$$J^{i}(z)J^{j}(0) \sim \frac{\delta^{ij}}{z^{2}} + \frac{i\,\epsilon^{ijk}}{z}J^{k}(0)$$

Massless states at $~R=\tilde{R}=1$

• SU(2)_L Vectors $ar{N}_x=1$

-
$$N_y = 1$$
 $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$:

-
$$N_y = 0$$
 $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$: A^{\pm}_{μ}

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$$

Level-matching $N-N=p\tilde{p}$

 $\stackrel{3}{A_{\mu}}$

$$V \sim J^3(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^\mu e^{ikX})$$

$$V \sim J^{\pm}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$$

$$J^{3}(z) = \partial Y^{L}(z)$$
$$J^{\pm}(z) = e^{\pm 2iY^{L}(z)}$$

$$J^{i}(z)J^{j}(0) \sim \frac{\delta^{ij}}{z^{2}} + \frac{i\,\epsilon^{ijk}}{z}J^{k}(0)$$

Massless states at $~R=\tilde{R}=1$

• SU(2)_L Vectors $ar{N}_x=1$

-
$$N_y = 1$$
 $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$: A^3_{μ}

-
$$N_y = 0$$
 $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$: A^{\pm}_{μ}

• SU(2)_R Vectors $N_x = 1$ $A^i \to \bar{A}^i$

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + rac{p^2}{R^2} + rac{ ilde{p}^2}{ ilde{R}^2}$$

Level-matching $ar{N} - N = p ilde{p}$

$$V \sim J^3(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^\mu e^{ikX})$$

$$V \sim J^{\pm}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$$
$$J^{i}(z) \rightarrow \bar{J}^{i}(\bar{z}) \qquad Y^{L}(z) \rightarrow Y^{R}(\bar{z})$$

$$J^{3}(z) = \partial Y^{L}(z)$$
$$J^{\pm}(z) = e^{\pm 2iY^{L}(z)}$$

$$J^i(z)J^j(0) \sim \frac{\delta^{ij}}{z^2} + \frac{i\,\epsilon^{ijk}}{z}J^k(0)$$

Massless states at $~R=\tilde{R}=1$

• SU(2)_L Vectors $ar{N}_x=1$

-
$$N_y = 1$$
 $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$: A^3_{μ}

-
$$N_y = 0$$
 $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$: A^{\pm}_{μ}

• SU(2)_R Vectors
$$N_x = 1$$
 $A^i \to \bar{A}^i$

• Scalars $N_x = \bar{N}_x = 0$

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$$

Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

$$V \sim J^{3}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$$
$$V \sim J^{\pm}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$$
$$J^{i}(z) \rightarrow \bar{J}^{i}(\bar{z}) \qquad Y^{L}(z) \rightarrow Y^{R}(\bar{z})$$

$$J^{3}(z) = \partial Y^{L}(z)$$
$$J^{\pm}(z) = e^{\pm 2iY^{L}(z)}$$

$$J^{i}(z)J^{j}(0) \sim \frac{\delta^{ij}}{z^{2}} + \frac{i\,\epsilon^{ijk}}{z}J^{k}(0)$$

Bosonic string on S¹

Massless states at $R = \tilde{R} = 1$

• SU(2)_L Vectors $\bar{N}_x=1$

-
$$N_y = 1$$
 $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$: A_{μ}^3

-
$$N_y = 0$$
 $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$: A^{\pm}_{μ}

• SU(2)_R Vectors
$$N_x = 1$$
 $A^i \to \bar{A}^i$

• Scalars $N_x = \bar{N}_x = 0$ $N_y = 1, \bar{N}_y = 1 \ (g_{yy})$ $N_y = 1, p = -\tilde{p} = \pm 1 \ (\bar{k} = \pm 2)$ $\bar{N}_y = 1, p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1 \ (k = \pm 2)$ $p = \pm 2, \tilde{p} = 0 \ (k = \bar{k} = \pm 2)$ $p = 0, \tilde{p} = \pm 2 \ (k = -\bar{k} = \pm 2)$ Mass $M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$ Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

$$V \sim J^3(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^\mu e^{ikX})$$

$$V \sim J^{\pm}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$$

 $J^{i}(z) \rightarrow \bar{J}^{i}(\bar{z}) \qquad Y^{L}(z) \rightarrow Y^{R}(\bar{z})$

$$J^{3}(z) = \partial Y^{L}(z)$$
$$J^{\pm}(z) = e^{\pm 2iY^{L}(z)}$$

$$J^{i}(z)J^{j}(0) \sim \frac{\delta^{ij}}{z^{2}} + \frac{i\,\epsilon^{ijk}}{z}J^{k}(0)$$

Massless states at $R = \tilde{R} = 1$

- SU(2)_L Vectors $ar{N}_x=1$
 - $N_y = 1$ $(g_{\mu y} + B_{\mu y})$: A_{μ}
 - $N_y = 0$ $p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1$ $(k_L = \pm 2)$: A^{\pm}_{μ}
- SU(2)_R Vectors $N_x = 1$ $A^i \to \bar{A}^i$

Scalars (3,3)
$$N_x = N_x = 0$$

 $N_y = 1, \bar{N}_y = 1 \ (g_{yy})$: M^{33}
 $N_y = 1, \bar{N}_y = 1 \ (\bar{I}_y = 1)$

$$N_y = 1, p = -\tilde{p} = \pm 1 \ (k = \pm 2)$$
 : $M^{3\perp}$

$$\bar{N}_y = 1, p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1 \ (k = \pm 2) \qquad : \qquad M^{\pm 3}$$

$$p = \pm 2, \tilde{p} = 0 \ (k = \bar{k} = \pm 2)$$
 : $M^{\pm \pm}$

$$p = 0, \tilde{p} = \pm 2 \ (k = -\bar{k} = \pm 2)$$
 : $M^{\pm \mp}$

Mass $M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + \frac{p^2}{R^2} + \frac{\tilde{p}^2}{\tilde{R}^2}$ Level-matching $\bar{N} - N = p\tilde{p}$

 $: A^{3}_{\mu} \qquad V \sim J^{3}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$ $: A^{\pm}_{\mu} \qquad V \sim J^{\pm}(z) \cdot (\bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{ikX})$ $J^{i}(z) \rightarrow \bar{J}^{i}(\bar{z}) \qquad Y^{L}(z) \rightarrow Y^{R}(\bar{z})$

$$J^{3}(z) = \partial Y^{L}(z)$$
$$J^{\pm}(z) = e^{\pm 2iY^{L}(z)}$$

$$J^{i}(z)J^{j}(0) \sim \frac{\delta^{ij}}{z^{2}} + \frac{i\,\epsilon^{ijk}}{z}J^{k}(0)$$

 $V^{ij} \sim J^i J^j e^{ikX}$

Symmetry enhancement (recap)

$$R
eq 1(
eq ilde{R})$$
 $U(1) imes U(1)$
 $A ilde{A}$
2 vectors

 $(g_{\mu y} \pm B_{\mu y})$


Symmetry enhancement (recap)

$$R \neq 1 (\neq \tilde{R}) \qquad R = \tilde{R} = 1$$

$$U(1) \times U(1) \longrightarrow SU(2) \times SU(2)$$

$$A^{3} \quad \bar{A}^{3} \qquad A^{i} \qquad \bar{A}^{i} \qquad i = \pm, 3$$

$$i = \pm, 3$$

$$i = \pm, 3$$

$$i = \pm, 3$$

$$i = \pm, 3$$



Symmetry enhancement (recap)



Computing 3-point functions <VVV> we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} F^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{i\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ij} D^{\mu} M^{ij} - \det M$$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} F^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} M^{ij} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{j\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ij} D^{\mu} M^{ij} - \det M$$

$$H = dB + A^{i} \wedge F^{i} + \epsilon_{ijk}A^{i} \wedge A^{j} \wedge A^{k}$$
$$- \bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{F}^{i} - \epsilon_{ijk}\bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{A}^{j} \wedge \bar{A}^{k}$$

 $F^i = dA^i + \epsilon^{ijk}A^j \wedge A^k$

 $D_{\mu}M^{ii} = \partial_{\mu}M^{ii} + f^{ijk}A^{j}_{\mu}M^{ki} + f^{ijk}\bar{A}^{j}_{\mu}M^{ik}$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} F^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{i\mu\nu}$$
$$+ \frac{1}{4} M^{ij} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{j\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ij} D^{\mu} M^{ij} - \det M$$
$$H = dB + A^{i} \wedge F^{i} + \epsilon_{ijk} A^{i} \wedge A^{j} \wedge A^{k}$$

$$-\bar{A}^i\wedge\bar{F}^i-\epsilon_{ijk}\bar{A}^i\wedge\bar{A}^j\wedge\bar{A}^k$$

 $F^i = dA^i + \epsilon^{ijk}A^j \wedge A^k$

 $D_{\mu}M^{ii} = \partial_{\mu}M^{ii} + f^{ijk}A^{j}_{\mu}M^{ki} + f^{ijk}\bar{A}^{j}_{\mu}M^{ik}$ Higgs mechanism

$$M^{ij} \to \epsilon \; \delta^{ij}_{33} + M'^{ij}$$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} F^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{A}^{ij} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{j\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ij} D^{\mu} M^{ij} - \det M$$
$$H = dB + A^{i} \wedge F^{i} + \epsilon_{ijk} A^{i} \wedge A^{j} \wedge A^{k} \qquad A^{\pm}$$
acquire mass² = ϵ^{2}
$$- \bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{F}^{i} - \epsilon_{ijk} \bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{A}^{j} \wedge \bar{A}^{k} \qquad \bar{A}^{\pm}$$

 $F^i = dA^i + \epsilon^{ijk}A^j \wedge A^k$

 $D_{\mu}M^{ii} = \partial_{\mu}M^{ii} + f^{ijk}A^{j}_{\mu}M^{ki} + f^{ijk}\bar{A}^{j}_{\mu}M^{ik}$ Higgs mechanism

$$M^{ij} \to \epsilon \; \delta^{ij}_{33} + M'^{ij}$$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} F^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{i\mu\nu}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} M^{ij} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{j\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ij} D^{\mu} M^{ij} - \det M$$

$$H = dB + A^{i} \wedge F^{i} + \epsilon_{ijk} A^{i} \wedge A^{j} \wedge A^{k} \qquad A^{\pm}$$

$$- \bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{F}^{i} - \epsilon_{ijk} \bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{A}^{j} \wedge \bar{A}^{k} \qquad \bar{A}^{\pm}$$

$$F^{i} = dA^{i} + \epsilon^{ijk} A^{j} \wedge A^{k} \qquad \text{SU(2) x SU(2)} \rightarrow \text{U(1) x U(2)}$$

 $D_{\mu}M^{ii} = \partial_{\mu}M^{ii} + f^{ijk}A^{j}_{\mu}M^{ki} + f^{ijk}\bar{A}^{j}_{\mu}M^{ik}$ Higgs mechanism

 $M^{ij} \to \epsilon \; \delta^{ij}_{33} + M'^{ij}$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} F^{i\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{i\mu\nu}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} M^{ij} F^{i}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{j\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ij} D^{\mu} M^{ij} - \det M \stackrel{\text{(det}M)}{=} det M \stackrel{\text{(main mass}^{2})}{\text{(det}M)} \stackrel{\text{(main mass}^{2})}{=} \epsilon$$

$$H = dB + A^{i} \wedge F^{i} + \epsilon_{ijk} A^{i} \wedge A^{j} \wedge A^{k} \qquad A^{\pm} \qquad \text{(acquire mass}^{2}) = \epsilon^{2}$$

$$- \bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{F}^{i} - \epsilon_{ijk} \bar{A}^{i} \wedge \bar{A}^{j} \wedge \bar{A}^{k} \qquad \bar{A}^{\pm} \qquad \text{(mass}^{2}) = \epsilon^{2}$$

$$F^{i} = dA^{i} + \epsilon^{ijk} A^{j} \wedge A^{k} \qquad \text{(SU(2) x SU(2) \rightarrow U(1) x U(1))}$$

 $D_{\mu}M^{ii} = \partial_{\mu}M^{ii} + f^{ijk}A^{j}_{\mu}M^{ki} + f^{ijk}\bar{A}^{j}_{\mu}M^{ik}$ Higgs mechanism

$$M^{ij} \to \epsilon \; \delta^{ij}_{33} + M'^{ij}$$

Narain 86

Massless states:

 $g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$ 2d vectors: U(I)^d x U(I)^d

 g_{mn}, B_{mn} d² scalars

Narain 86

Massless states:

 $g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$ 2d vectors: U(I)^d x U(I)^d

 g_{mn}, B_{mn} d² scalars

+

lots of extra vectors & scalars with mom & winding at points of enhancement where

> $\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^{-1}$ 2dx2d

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{-1} & -g^{-1}B \\ Bg^{-1} & g - Bg^{-1}B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{H}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} g - Bg^{-1}B & -Bg^{-1} \\ g^{-1}B & g^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Bosonic string on T^d

Narain 86

Massless states:

 $g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$ 2d vectors: U(I)^d x U(I)^d

 g_{mn}, B_{mn} d² scalars

+

lots of extra vectors & scalars with mom & winding at points of enhancement where

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^{-1}$$
 (up to SL(k, \mathbb{Z}) and
B \rightarrow B + n)
2dx2d

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{-1} & -g^{-1}B \\ Bg^{-1} & g - Bg^{-1}B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{H}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} g - Bg^{-1}B & -Bg^{-1} \\ g^{-1}B & g^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Narain 86

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S}^{1} \quad M^{2} &= 2(N+\bar{N}-2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}} \\ 0 &= N-\bar{N} + p\tilde{p} \end{split}$$

<u>Massless states</u>:

$$g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$$

$$\mu m$$
 2d vectors: U(I)^d x U(I)^d

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \overline{N} - 2) + Z^t \mathcal{H} Z \qquad Z = \begin{pmatrix} p_m \\ \widetilde{c}^m \end{pmatrix}$$

 g_{mn}, B_{mn}

d² scalars

╋

lots of extra vectors & scalars with mom & winding at points of enhancement where

 $\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{-1} & -g^{-1}B \\ Bg^{-1} & g - Bg^{-1}B \end{pmatrix}$

 $\mathcal{H}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} g - Bg^{-1}B & -Bg^{-1} \\ g^{-1}B & g^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^{-1}$$
 (up to SL(k, Z) and
B \rightarrow B + n)
2dx2d

Level-matching

$$0 = (N - \bar{N}) + \frac{1}{2} Z^t \eta Z$$

Bosonic string on T^d

Narain 86

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S}^{1} \quad M^{2} &= 2(N+\bar{N}-2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}} \\ 0 &= N-\bar{N} + p\tilde{p} \end{split}$$

Massless states:

$$g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$$
 2d ve

$$\mu m$$
 2d vectors: U(I)^d x U(I)^d

 g_{mn}, B_{mn} d² scalars

+

lots of extra vectors & scalars with mom & winding at points of enhancement where

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^{-1}$$
 (up to SL(k, \mathbb{Z}) and
B \rightarrow B + n)
2dx2d

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + Z^t \mathcal{H} Z \qquad Z = \begin{pmatrix} p_m \\ \tilde{p}^m \end{pmatrix}$$

1

Level-matching
$$0 = (N - \overline{N}) + \frac{1}{2} Z^t \eta Z$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{-1} & -g^{-1}B \ Bg^{-1} & g - Bg^{-1}B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{H}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} g - Bg^{-1}B & -Bg^{-1} \\ g^{-1}B & g^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Narain 86

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S}^{1} \quad M^{2} &= 2(N+\bar{N}-2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}} \\ 0 &= N-\bar{N} + p\tilde{p} \end{split}$$

Massless states:

$$g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$$
 2d vecto

$$\mathcal{G}_{\mu m}$$
 2d vectors: U(1)^d x U(1)^d

 g_{mn}, B_{mn}

d² scalars

+

lots of extra vectors & scalars with mom & winding at points of enhancement where

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^{-1}$$
 (up to SL(k, \mathbb{Z}) and
B \rightarrow B + n)
2dx2d

Mass $M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + Z^t \mathcal{H} Z \qquad Z = \begin{pmatrix} p_m \\ \tilde{p}^m \end{pmatrix}$

Level-matching

$$0 = (N - \bar{N}) + \frac{1}{2} Z^t \eta Z$$

$$p = EZ$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{-1} & -g^{-1}B \\ Bg^{-1} & g - Bg^{-1}B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{H}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} g - Bg^{-1}B & -Bg^{-1} \\ g^{-1}B & g^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Narain 86

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S}^{1} \quad M^{2} &= 2(N+\bar{N}-2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}} \\ 0 &= N-\bar{N} + p\tilde{p} \end{split}$$

Massless states:

$$g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$$
 20

$$\mu m$$
 2d vectors: U(I)^d x U(I)^d

 g_{mn}, B_{mn}

d² scalars

╋

lots of extra vectors & scalars with mom & winding at points of enhancement where

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^{-1}$$
 (up to SL(k, \mathbb{Z}) and
B \rightarrow B + n)
2dx2d

Mass $M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + Z_{E^T E}^t \mathcal{H} Z = \begin{pmatrix} p_m \\ \tilde{p}^m \end{pmatrix}$

Level-matching

$$0 = (N - \bar{N}) + \frac{1}{2} Z^t \eta Z$$

$$p = EZ \qquad \begin{pmatrix} p_L \\ p_R \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_a^m \left[p_m + (g_{mn} + B_{mn}) \tilde{p}^n \right] \\ e_a^m \left[p_m - (g_{mn} - B_{mn}) \tilde{p}^n \right] \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{-1} & -g^{-1}B \\ Bg^{-1} & g - Bg^{-1}B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{H}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} g - Bg^{-1}B & -Bg^{-1} \\ g^{-1}B & g^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Narain 86

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S}^{1} \quad M^{2} &= 2(N+\bar{N}-2) + \frac{p^{2}}{R^{2}} + \frac{\tilde{p}^{2}}{\tilde{R}^{2}} \\ 0 &= N-\bar{N} + p\tilde{p} \end{split}$$

<u>Massless states</u>:

$$g_{\mu m}, B_{\mu m}$$

$$\mu m$$
 2d vectors: U(I)^d x U(I)^d

 g_{mn}, B_{mn}

d² scalars

+

lots of extra vectors & scalars with mom & winding at points of enhancement where

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^{-1}$$
 (up to SL(k, \mathbb{Z}) and
B \rightarrow B + n)
2dx2d

Mass
$$M^2 = 2(N + \bar{N} - 2) + Z^t \mathcal{H} Z \qquad Z = \begin{pmatrix} p_m \\ \tilde{p}^m \end{pmatrix}$$

 $p_L^2 + p_R^2$

Level-matching

hing
$$0 = (N - \bar{N}) + \frac{1}{2} Z_{...}^{t} \eta Z_{...}^{T} \eta E_{...}^{T} \eta E_{...}^{T} p_{L}^{2} - p_{R}^{2}$$

$$p = EZ$$

$$Z \qquad \begin{pmatrix} p_L \\ p_R \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_a^m \left[p_m + (g_{mn} + B_{mn}) \tilde{p}^n \right] \\ e_a^m \left[p_m - (g_{mn} - B_{mn}) \tilde{p}^n \right] \end{pmatrix}$$

form a lattice Lorentzian (d,d), even, self-dual root lattice of enhanced simply-laced gauge group

G imes Grank d d

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{-1} & -g^{-1}B \\ Bg^{-1} & g - Bg^{-1}B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{H}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} g - Bg^{-1}B & -Bg^{-1} \\ g^{-1}B & g^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Symmetry enhancement, bosonic string on T^d



 $U(1)^d \times U(1)^d \longrightarrow$ $G \times G$ $A_1 \times A_1$ $SU(2) \times SU(2)$ d=1 $SU(2)^2 \times SU(2)^2$ d=2 $SU(3) \times SU(3) \qquad A_2 \times A_2$ d=3 $SU(2)^3 \times SU(2)^3$ $\bullet \bullet \circ SU(2) \times SU(3) \times SU(3) \times SU(2)$ $SU(4) \times SU(4) \qquad A_3 \times A_3$ $SU(2)^4 \times SU(2)^4$ d=4 $SU(5) \times SU(5)$ $A_4 \times A_4$ $SO(8) \times SO(8)$ $D_4 \times D_4$ maximal enhancement

ADE series

 $U(1)^d \times U(1)^d$

 $U(1)^d \times U(1)^d$

 $A^m = \overline{A}^m$

2d vectors

 $g_{\mu m} \pm B_{\mu m}$

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \operatorname{rank} \operatorname{d} \operatorname{rank} \operatorname{d} \\ \dim \operatorname{n} & \dim \operatorname{n} \\ U(1)^d \times U(1)^d & \longrightarrow & G \times G \end{array}$

$A^m = \overline{A}^m$

2d vectors

 $g_{\mu m} \pm B_{\mu m}$



 $g_{\mu m} \pm B_{\mu m}$



d² scalars

 $g_{mn} + B_{mn}$







 $p_L^2 = p_R^2 = 2$



 $p_L^2 = p_R^2 = 2$



 $p_L^2 = p_R^2 = 2$









Computing 3-point functions <VVV> at a point of enhancement we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_{a} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{\mu\nu}_{a}$$
$$+ \frac{1}{4} M_{aa'} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a'\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M_{aa'} D^{\mu} M^{aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \bar{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'}$$
$$H_{\mu\nu} dB_{\mu\nu} Aa_{\mu\nu} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a'\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M_{aa'} D^{\mu} M^{aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \bar{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'}$$

$$H = dB + A^{a} \wedge F_{a} + f_{abc}A^{a} \wedge A^{b} \wedge A^{c}$$
$$- \bar{A}^{a} \wedge \bar{F}_{a} - \bar{f}_{abc}\bar{A}^{a} \wedge \bar{A}^{b} \wedge \bar{A}^{c}$$

 $F^a = dA^a + f^a_{bc} A^b \wedge A^c$

 $D_{\mu}M^{aa'} = \partial_{\mu}M^{aa'} + f^{a}_{bc}A^{b}_{\mu}M^{ca'} + f^{a'}_{b'c'}\bar{A}^{b'}_{\mu}M^{ac'}$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> at a point of enhancement we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^a_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_a + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^a_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^a^{\mu\nu}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} M_{aa'} F^a_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a'\mu\nu} + D_\mu M_{aa'} D^\mu M^{aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \bar{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'}$$

$$H = dB + A^a \wedge F_a + f_{abc} A^a \wedge A^b \wedge A^c$$

$$- \bar{A}^a \wedge \bar{F}_a - \bar{f}_{abc} \bar{A}^a \wedge \bar{A}^b \wedge \bar{A}^c$$

$$F^a = dA^a + f^a_{bc} A^b \wedge A^c$$

 $D_{\mu}M^{aa'} = \partial_{\mu}M^{aa'} + f^{a}_{bc}A^{b}_{\mu}M^{ca'} + f^{a'}_{b'c'}\bar{A}^{b'}_{\mu}M^{ac'}$

Higgs mechanism

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> at a point of enhancement we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_{a} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{\mu\nu}_{a}$$
$$+ \frac{1}{4} M_{aa'} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a'\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M_{aa'} D^{\mu} M^{aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \bar{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'}$$
$$H_{\mu\nu} = M_{\mu\nu} A_{\mu\nu} A_{\mu\nu} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M_{aa'} D^{\mu} M^{aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \bar{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'}$$

$$H = dB + A^a \wedge F_a + f_{abc}A^a \wedge A^b \wedge A^c$$
$$- \bar{A}^a \wedge \bar{F}_a - \bar{f}_{abc}\bar{A}^a \wedge \bar{A}^b \wedge \bar{A}^c$$

 $F^a = dA^a + f^a_{bc} A^b \wedge A^c$

 $D_{\mu}M^{aa'} = \partial_{\mu}M^{aa'} + f^{a}_{bc}A^{b}_{\mu}M^{ca'} + f^{a'}_{b'c'}\bar{A}^{b'}_{\mu}M^{ac'}$

Higgs mechanism

$$M^{mn} = \underbrace{v_{\mathcal{I}}^{mn}}_{\mathcal{I}} + M'^{mn}$$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> at a point of enhancement we read off

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{L} &= R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_{a} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{\mu\nu}_{a} \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} M_{aa'} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a'\mu\nu} + \underbrace{D_{\mu} M_{aa'} D^{\mu} M^{aa}}_{Aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \bar{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'} \\ H &= dB + A^{a} \wedge F_{a} + f_{abc} A^{a} \wedge A^{b} \wedge A^{c} \\ &- \bar{A}^{a} \wedge \bar{F}_{a} - \bar{f}_{abc} \bar{A}^{a} \wedge \bar{A}^{b} \wedge \bar{A}^{c} \\ F^{a} &= dA^{a} + f^{a}_{bc} A^{b} \wedge A^{c} \end{split}$$

 $D_{\mu}M^{aa'} = \partial_{\mu}M^{aa'} + f^{a}_{bc}A^{b}_{\mu}M^{ca'} + f^{a'}_{b'c'}\bar{A}^{b'}_{\mu}M^{ac'}$

Higgs mechanism

$$M^{mn} = \underbrace{v_{j}^{mn}}_{j} + M'^{mn}$$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> at a point of enhancement we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_{a} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{\mu\nu}_{a}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} M_{aa'} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a'\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M_{aa'} D^{\mu} M^{aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \bar{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'}$$

$$H = dB + A^{a} \wedge F_{a} + f_{abc} A^{a} \wedge A^{b} \wedge A^{c}$$

$$- \bar{A}^{a} \wedge \bar{F}_{a} - \bar{f}_{abc} \bar{A}^{a} \wedge \bar{A}^{b} \wedge \bar{A}^{c}$$

$$F^{a} = dA^{a} + f^{a}_{bc} A^{b} \wedge A^{c}$$

$$G \times G \rightarrow U^{d}(1) \times U^{d}(1)$$

$$D_{\mu} M^{aa'} = \partial_{\mu} M^{aa'} + f^{a}_{bc} A^{b}_{\mu} M^{ca'} + f^{a'}_{b'c'} \bar{A}^{b'}_{\mu} M^{ac'}$$

Higgs mechanism

$$M^{mn} = \underbrace{v_{j}^{mn}}_{\gamma} + M'^{mn}$$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> at a point of enhancement we read off

Higgs mechanism

$$M^{mn} = \underbrace{v_{j}^{mn}}_{\gamma} + M'^{mn}$$

Computing 3-point functions <VVV> at a point of enhancement we read off

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_{a} + \frac{1}{4} \overline{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \overline{F}^{\mu\nu}_{a} \qquad M^{\alpha\beta}_{acquire mass^{2} \sim v}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} M_{aa'} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \overline{F}^{a'\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M_{aa'} D^{\mu} M^{aa'} - \frac{1}{12} f_{abc} \overline{f}_{a'b'c'} M^{aa'} M^{bb'} M^{cc'}$$

$$H = dB + A^{a} \wedge F_{a} + f_{abc} A^{a} \wedge A^{b} \wedge A^{c} \qquad A^{\alpha}_{acquire mass^{2} \sim vv^{t}$$

$$- \overline{A}^{a} \wedge \overline{F}_{a} - \overline{f}_{abc} \overline{A}^{a} \wedge \overline{A}^{b} \wedge \overline{A}^{c} \qquad \overline{A}^{\alpha}_{acquire mass^{2} \sim vv^{t} }$$

$$F^{a} = dA^{a} + f^{a}_{bc} A^{b} \wedge A^{c} \qquad \mathbf{G} \times \mathbf{G} \rightarrow \mathbf{U}^{d}(1) \times \mathbf{U}^{d}(1)$$

$$D_{\mu} M^{aa'} = \partial_{\mu} M^{aa'} + f^{a}_{bc} A^{b}_{\mu} M^{ca'} + f^{a'}_{b'c'} \overline{A}^{b'}_{\mu} M^{ac'}$$

Higgs mechanism

 $M^{mn} = \underbrace{v_{j}}^{mn} + M'^{mn}$ $\overset{\text{deviation from}}{\underset{\text{point of enhancement}}{}^{\text{deviation from}}} \delta(g+B)_{mn}$ Can we get this action from DFT ??
DFT O(N,N) action $S = \int dX \left(-\partial_{MN} \mathcal{H}^{MN} + \frac{1}{8} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_N \mathcal{H}_{KL} - \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_K \mathcal{H}_{NL} \right)$

Equivalent to



generalized Ricci scalar

Coimbra, Strickland-Constable, Waldram 09

DFT O(N,N) action $S = \int dX \left(-\partial_{MN} \mathcal{H}^{MN} + \frac{1}{8} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_N \mathcal{H}_{KL} - \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_K \mathcal{H}_{NL} \right)$

Equivalent to

 $S = \int dX \, \mathbb{R} \qquad \text{generalized Ricci scalar}$

Coimbra, Strickland-Constable, Waldram 09

Generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action

 $\mathcal{M}_{ar{\mathsf{N}}\,-d} imes\mathcal{M}^d$

 $O(N,N) \longrightarrow O(N-d,N-d) \times O(d,d)$

external

internal

DFT O(N,N) action $S = \int dX \left(-\partial_{MN} \mathcal{H}^{MN} + \frac{1}{8} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_N \mathcal{H}_{KL} - \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_K \mathcal{H}_{NL} \right)$

Equivalent to

 $S = \int dX \, \mathbb{R} \qquad \text{generalized Ricci scalar}$

Coimbra, Strickland-Constable, Waldram 09

Generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action

 $\mathcal{M}_{ar{\mathsf{N}}\,-d} imes\mathcal{M}^d$ x, y

$$\mathcal{H}^{MN} = \delta^{AB} E_A{}^M E_B{}^N \qquad E_A(x, y) = U_A{}^{A'}(x) E'_{A'}(y)$$

$$O(N,N) \longrightarrow O(N-d,N-d) \times O(d,d)$$

external internal

DFT O(N,N) action Hull & Zweibach 09 $S = \int dX \left(-\partial_{MN} \mathcal{H}^{MN} + \frac{1}{8} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_N \mathcal{H}_{KL} - \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{H}^{MN} \partial_M \mathcal{H}^{KL} \partial_K \mathcal{H}_{NL} \right)$

Equivalent to

 $S = \int dX \,\mathbb{R}$ generalized Ricci scalar

Coimbra, Strickland-Constable, Waldram 09

Generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action

 $\mathcal{M}_{\bar{\mathsf{N}}-d} \times \mathcal{M}^{d}_{\check{\mathsf{N}}-d}$ x, ygeneralized
parallelizable

arallelizable

 $E_A(x, y, \tilde{y}) = U_A^{A'}(x) E'_{A'}(y, \tilde{y})$ $\mathcal{H}^{MN} = \delta^{AB} E_A{}^M E_B{}^N$

$$O(N,N) \longrightarrow O(N-d,N-d) \times O(d,d)$$

external

internal

 $\partial_M = (\partial_\mu, \partial_m, \partial_m, \partial_m, \partial_m)$ N-d 2d

Aldazabal, Baron, Marques, Nuñez II Geissbuhler II

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ} - \frac{1}{12} f_{IJK} f_{LMN} \left(\mathcal{H}^{IL} \mathcal{H}^{JM} \mathcal{H}^{KN} - 3 \mathcal{H}^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} + 2 \eta^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} \right)$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + f^{I}{}_{JK}A^{J} \wedge A^{K}$$

$$[E'_{J}, E'_{K}]_{C} = f^{I}{}_{JK}E'_{K}$$

$$E_A(x, y, \tilde{y}) = U_A^{A'}(x) E'_{A'}(y, \tilde{y})$$

$$\partial_{M} = (\underbrace{\partial_{\mu}}_{\mathbf{N}}, \underbrace{\partial_{\mathbf{m}}}_{\mathbf{N}}, \underbrace{\partial_{\mathbf{m}}}_{\mathbf{I}}, \underbrace{\partial_{\mathbf{m}}}_{I})$$

Aldazabal, Baron, Marques, Nuñez II Geissbuhler II

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ} - \frac{1}{12} f_{IJK} f_{LMN} \left(\mathcal{H}^{IL} \mathcal{H}^{JM} \mathcal{H}^{KN} - 3 \mathcal{H}^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} + 2 \eta^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} \right)$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + \int f^{I}_{JK} A^{J} \wedge A^{K}$$

$$E_{A}(x, y, \tilde{y}) = U_{A}^{A'}(x) E'_{A'}(y, \tilde{y})$$

$$\partial_{M} = (\partial_{\mu}, \partial_{m}, \partial_{m}) A^{A}$$

$$O_{M} = (\partial_{\mu}, \partial_{m}, \partial_{m}) A^{A}$$

$$H_{A} = (\partial_{\mu}, \partial_{m}, \partial_{m}) A^{A}$$

Claim: this action reproduces the string theory action compactifications on T^d close to enhancement point

For simplicity, do: d=1 (enhancement to SU(2) x SU(2))

Frame on $T\mathcal{M}_{N} \oplus T^{*}\mathcal{M}_{N}$ frame e_{a} dual e^{a} frame e^{a}

$$E_A = \begin{pmatrix} e_a - \iota_{e_a} B \\ e^a \end{pmatrix}$$

For simplicity, do: d=1 (enhancement to SU(2) x SU(2)) $\mathcal{M}_{N-1} \times S^1$

Frame on
$$T\mathcal{M}_{N} \oplus T^{*}\mathcal{M}_{N}$$

 $frame e_{a}$
 $frame e^{a}$
 U
 $E_{A} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} - \iota_{e_{a}}B \\ e^{a} \end{pmatrix}$
 $y \sim y + 2\pi$

For simplicity, do: d=1 (enhancement to SU(2) x SU(2)) $\mathcal{M}_{N-1} \times S^1$

Frame on
$$T\mathcal{M}_{N} \oplus T^{*}\mathcal{M}_{N}$$

frame e_{a} dual e^{a}
 $T\mathcal{M}_{N} = T\mathcal{M}_{N-1} \oplus TS^{1}$
 $y \sim y + 2\pi$

$$E_{A} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} - \iota_{e_{a}}B \\ e^{a} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{e^{\hat{a}}} \phi(dy + V_{1}) \cdot \dots \cdot g_{\mu y}$$

For simplicity, do: d=1 (enhancement to SU(2) x SU(2)) $\mathcal{M}_{N-1} \times S^1$

Frame on
$$T\mathcal{M}_{N} \oplus T^{*}\mathcal{M}_{N}$$

frame e_{a} dual e^{a}
frame e_{a} $frame e^{a}$
 $T\mathcal{M}_{N} = T\mathcal{M}_{N-1} \oplus TS^{1}$
 $y \sim y + 2\pi$

$$E_{A} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} - \iota_{e_{a}}B \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{frame} e^{\hat{a}} \\ e^{a} \xrightarrow{frame} e^{\hat{a}} \\ e^{\hat{a}} \\ \sqrt{g_{yy}} = R \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{LR}} \begin{pmatrix} E^{\mathbf{L}} \\ E^{\mathbf{R}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U^+ & U^- \\ U^- & U^+ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{A} \\ \overline{\mathbf{J}} - \overline{\mathbf{A}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U^{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi^{-1} \pm \phi) \qquad A = V_1 + B_1 \quad J = \partial_y + dy$$
$$\bar{A} = V_1 - B_1 \quad \bar{J} = \partial_y - dy$$

$$E_{A} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} - \iota_{e_{a}} B \\ e^{a} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\phi^{-1}(\partial_{y} + B_{1})} \phi^{(dy + V_{1})} \xrightarrow{\phi^{(dy + V_{1})}} g_{\mu y}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{LR}} \begin{pmatrix} E^L \\ E^R \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U^+ & U^- \\ U^- & U^+ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} J + A \\ \overline{J} - \overline{A} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U^{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi^{-1} \pm \phi) \qquad A = V_1 + B_1 \quad J = \partial_y + dy$$
$$\bar{A} = V_1 - B_1 \quad \bar{J} = \partial_y - dy$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{LR}} \begin{pmatrix} E^{\mathbf{L}} \\ E^{\mathbf{R}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U^+ & U^- \\ U^- & U^+ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} J + A \\ \overline{J} - \overline{A} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U^{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi^{-1} \pm \phi) \qquad A = V_1 + B_1 \quad J = \partial_y + dy$$
$$\bar{A} = V_1 - B_1 \quad \bar{J} = \partial_y - dy$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{LR}} \begin{pmatrix} E^{\mathbf{L}} \\ E^{\mathbf{R}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U^+ & U^- \\ U^- & U^+ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} J + A \\ \overline{J} - \overline{A} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U^{+} \approx 1 \qquad U^{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi^{-1} \pm \phi) \qquad A = V_{1} + B_{1} \quad J = \partial_{y} + dy$$
$$U^{-} \approx \frac{1}{2}M \qquad \bar{A} = V_{1} - B_{1} \quad \bar{J} = \partial_{y} - dy$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{LR}} \begin{pmatrix} E^L \\ E^R \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2}M \\ \frac{1}{2}M & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{A} \\ \overline{\mathbf{J}} - \overline{\mathbf{A}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U^{+} \approx 1 \qquad U^{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi^{-1} \pm \phi) \qquad A = V_{1} + B_{1} \quad J = \partial_{y} + dy$$
$$U^{-} \approx \frac{1}{2}M \qquad \bar{A} = V_{1} - B_{1} \quad \bar{J} = \partial_{y} - dy$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{LR}} \begin{pmatrix} E^{\mathbf{L}} \\ E^{\mathbf{R}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2}M \\ \frac{1}{2}M & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{A} \\ \overline{\mathbf{J}} - \overline{\mathbf{A}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U^{+} \approx 1 \qquad U^{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi^{-1} \pm \phi) \qquad A = V_{1} + B_{1} \quad J = \partial_{y} + dy$$
$$U^{-} \approx \frac{1}{2}M \qquad \bar{A} = V_{1} - B_{1} \quad \bar{J} = \partial_{y} - dy$$

So far, no enhancement of symmetry

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_d \\ E^d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial_y + B_1 \\ dy + V_1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{LR}} \begin{pmatrix} E^{\mathbf{L}} \\ E^{\mathbf{R}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2}M \\ \frac{1}{2}M & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{A} \\ \overline{\mathbf{J}} - \overline{\mathbf{A}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U^{+} \approx 1 \qquad U^{\pm} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi^{-1} \pm \phi) \qquad A = V_{1} + B_{1} \quad J = \partial_{y} + dy$$
$$U^{-} \approx \frac{1}{2}M \qquad \bar{A} = V_{1} - B_{1} \quad \bar{J} = \partial_{y} - dy$$

So far, no enhancement of symmetry, no double field theory

$T\mathcal{M} \oplus T^*\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow T\mathcal{M}_{\mathsf{N-P}} \oplus TS^1 \oplus T^*S^1 \oplus T^*\mathcal{M}_{\mathsf{N-1}}$

 $J = \partial_y + dy$

 $\bar{J} = \partial_y - dy$

$T\mathcal{M} \oplus T^*\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow T\mathcal{M}_{N-} \oplus TS^1 \oplus T\tilde{S}^1 \oplus T^*\mathcal{M}_{N-1}$ $dy = \partial_{\tilde{y}}$

 $J = \partial_y + dy$

 $\overline{J} = \partial_y - dy$

$T\mathcal{M} \oplus T^*\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow T\mathcal{M}_{N-1} \oplus TS^1 \oplus T\tilde{S}^1 \oplus T^*\mathcal{M}_{N-1}$ $dy = \partial_{\tilde{y}}$

$$J = \partial_y + dy = \partial_y + \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^L}$$
$$\bar{J} = \partial_y - dy = \partial_y - \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^R}$$

$T\mathcal{M} \oplus T^*\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow T\mathcal{M}_{N-} \oplus TS^1 \oplus T\tilde{S}^1 \oplus T^*\mathcal{M}_{N-1}$ $dy = \partial_{\tilde{y}}$

$$J = \partial_y + dy = \partial_y + \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^L}$$
$$\bar{J} = \partial_y - dy = \partial_y - \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^R}$$

Still, this is formal. No dependence on y or $ilde{y}$

$T\mathcal{M} \oplus T^*\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow T\mathcal{M}_{N-} \oplus TS^1 \oplus T\tilde{S}^1 \oplus T^*\mathcal{M}_{N-1}$ $dy = \partial_{\tilde{y}}$

$$J = \partial_y + dy = \partial_y + \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^L}$$
$$\bar{J} = \partial_y - dy = \partial_y - \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^R}$$

Still, this is formal. No dependence on y or $ilde{y}$

Of course, we have not included momentum/winding modes

 $\sim e^{2iy}/e^{2i\tilde{y}}$

To include winding modes we need dependence on $\,S^1, { ilde S}^1$

DFT & Enhancement of symmetry

$$T\mathcal{M} \oplus T^*\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow T\mathcal{M}_{N-f} \oplus TS^1 \oplus T\tilde{S}^1 \oplus T^*\mathcal{M}_{N-1}$$
$$dy = \partial_{\tilde{y}}$$

$$J = \partial_y + dy = \partial_y + \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^L}$$

$$\overline{J} = \partial_y - dy = \partial_y - \partial_{\tilde{y}} = \partial_{y^R}$$

Still, this is formal. No dependence on y or \tilde{y}

Of course, we have not included momentum/winding modes

 $\sim e^{2iy}/e^{2i\tilde{y}}$

To include winding modes we need dependence on $\,S^1, { ilde S}^1\,$

To account for the enhancement of symmetry, we need to enlarge the generalized tangent space

 $T\mathcal{M}_{\mathsf{N-1}} \oplus TS^1 \oplus T\tilde{S}^1 \oplus T^*\mathcal{M}_{\mathsf{N-1}}$

 $\begin{pmatrix} E^{L} \\ E^{R} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2}M \\ \frac{1}{2}M & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} J+A \\ \bar{J}-\bar{A} \end{pmatrix}$





6 vector fields





Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ}$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$I = \dot{a}, a$$

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ}$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_a \\ E^L \\ E^R \\ E^R \\ E^a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_a & \iota_{e_a} A & \iota_{e_a} \bar{A} & \iota_{e_a} B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\bar{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^t & 1 & M^t A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \bar{J} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$I = \dot{a}, a$$

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ}$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + \begin{bmatrix} f^{I}_{JK} A^{J} \wedge A^{K} \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ J, \overline{J} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e_{a} & \iota_{e_{a}} A & \iota_{e_{a}} \overline{A} & \iota_{e_{a}} B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\overline{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^{t} & 1 & M^{t}A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{a} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \overline{J} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \overline{J} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ}$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + \begin{bmatrix} f^{I}_{JK} & A^{J} \wedge A^{K} \\ \vdots \\ f^{I}_{J}, f^{I}_{J} \end{bmatrix} = f^{I}_{JK} E^{I}_{I}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_{a} \\ E^{L} \\ E^{R} \\ E^{a} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} & \iota_{e_{a}} A & \iota_{e_{a}} \overline{A} & \iota_{e_{a}} B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\overline{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^{t} & 1 & M^{t}A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{a} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \overline{J} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \overline{J} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ}$$

$$I = \dot{a}, a$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + \begin{bmatrix} f^{I}_{JK} \\ A^{J} \wedge A^{K} \\ \vdots \\ f^{I}_{J}, \bar{J} \end{bmatrix} = f^{I}_{JK} E'_{I}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_{a} \\ E^{L} \\ E^{R} \\ E^{a} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} & \iota_{e_{a}} A & \iota_{e_{a}} \bar{A} & \iota_{e_{a}} B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\bar{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^{t} & 1 & M^{t}A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{a} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \bar{J} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
Ĺ

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$I = \dot{a}, a$$

$$= R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{\dot{a}}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{\dot{a}\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} M^{ab} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{b\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ab} D^{\mu} M^{ab}$$

$$- \frac{1}{12} f_{IJK} f_{LMN} \left(\mathcal{H}^{IL} \mathcal{H}^{JM} \mathcal{H}^{KN} - 3 \mathcal{H}^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} + 2 \eta^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} \right)$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + \begin{bmatrix} f^{I}_{JK} & A^{J} \wedge A^{K} \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_{a} \\ E^{L} \\ E^{R} \\ E^{a} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} & \iota_{e_{a}} & A & \iota_{e_{a}} & A \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M & A \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^{t} & 1 & M^{t}A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{a} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{\dot{a}}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{\dot{a}\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} M^{ab} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{b\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ab} D^{\mu} M^{ab}$$

$$+ f_{abc} f_{abc} M^{aa} M^{bb} M^{cc}$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + f^{I}{}_{JK} A^{J} \wedge A^{K}$$

$$\underbrace{\left[E'_{J}, E'_{K}\right] = f^{I}{}_{JK} E'_{I}}_{J, \overline{J}}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_a \\ E^L \\ E^R \\ E^a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_a & \iota_{e_a} A & \iota_{e_a} \bar{A} & \iota_{e_a} B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\bar{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^t & 1 & M^t A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $I = \dot{a}, a$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$I = \dot{a}, a$$

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} M^{ab} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{b\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ab} D^{\mu} M^{ab}$$

$$+ f_{abc} f_{abc} M^{aa} M^{bb} M^{cc}$$

Exactly string theory action!

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + \int f^{I}_{JK} A^{J} \wedge A^{K}$$

$$[E'_{J}, E'_{K}] = f^{I}_{JK} E'_{I}$$

$$J, \overline{J}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_a \\ E^L \\ E^R \\ E^a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_a & \iota_{e_a} A & \iota_{e_a} \bar{A} & \iota_{e_a} B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\bar{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^t & 1 & M^t A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \bar{J} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$I = \dot{a}, a$$

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} M^{ab} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{b\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ab} D^{\mu} M^{ab}$$

$$+ f_{abc} f_{abc} M^{aa} M^{bb} M^{cc}$$

Exactly string theory action! Reproduces string theory masses of states at a point close to maximal enhancement point

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_a \\ E^L \\ E^R \\ E^a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_a & \iota_{e_a} A & \iota_{e_a} \bar{A} & \iota_{e_a} B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\bar{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^t & 1 & M^t A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Generalized Sherk-Schwarz compactification of DFT action

$$I = \dot{a}, a$$

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} \bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} M^{ab} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} \bar{F}^{b\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} M^{ab} D^{\mu} M^{ab}$$

$$+f_{abc}f_{abc}M^{aa}M^{bb}M^{cc}$$

$$H = dB + F^{I} \wedge A_{I}$$

$$F^{I} = dA^{I} + f^{I}{}_{JK} A^{J} \wedge A^{K}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E'_{J}, E'_{K} \end{bmatrix} = f^{I}_{JK} E'_{I}$$

$$J, \overline{J}$$

$$M^{mn} = \underbrace{v^{mn}}_{\smile} + M'^{mn}$$

deviation from point of enhancement $\,\delta(g+B)_{mn}$

Exactly string theory action! Reproduces string theory masses of states at a point close to maximal enhancement point

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_{a} \\ E^{L} \\ E^{R} \\ E^{a} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a} & \iota_{e_{a}}A & \iota_{e_{a}}\bar{A} & \iota_{e_{a}}B \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2}M & M\bar{A} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}M^{t} & 1 & M^{t}A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{a} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$G \times G$ algebra

C-bracket

$$[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$$

 $(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$



C-bracket

$$[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$$

 $(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$



 $V_2 + TS^1 + T\tilde{S}^1 + V_2^*$

C-bracket

$$[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$$



$$V_2 + TS^1 + T\tilde{S}^1 + V_2^*$$

C-bracket

$$[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$$



 $V_2 + TS^1 + TS^1 + V_2$

C-bracket

$$[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$$



$$\begin{matrix} V_2 + TS^1 + TS^1 + V_2 \\ v_1^L, v_2^L & v_1^R, v_2^R \end{matrix}$$

C-bracket

$$[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$$

generalized Lie derivative

The following J and \overline{J} do the job

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2y^L & \sin 2y^L & 0 \\ -\sin 2y^L & \cos 2y^L & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \partial_{y^L} \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad J = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2y^R & \sin 2y^R & 0 \\ -\sin 2y^R & \cos 2y^R & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \partial_{y^R} \end{pmatrix}$$

C-bracket

$$V_{2} + TS^{1} + TS^{1} + V_{2}$$

$$v_{1}^{L}, v_{2}^{L} \qquad v_{1}^{R}, v_{2}^{R}$$

$$v_{\pm} = v_{1} \pm i v_{2} \qquad v_{\pm} = v_{1} \pm i v_{2}$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$$

generalized Lie derivative

The following J and \overline{J} do the job

 $[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$

$$\boldsymbol{J} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2y^L & \sin 2y^L & 0 \\ -\sin 2y^L & \cos 2y^L & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{v}_1 \\ \boldsymbol{v}_2 \\ \partial_{\boldsymbol{y}L} \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{J} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2y^R & \sin 2y^R & 0 \\ -\sin 2y^R & \cos 2y^R & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{v}_1 \\ \boldsymbol{v}_2 \\ \partial_{\boldsymbol{y}R} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E'_J, E'_K \end{bmatrix}_C = f^I_{JK} E'_K$$

$$J, \overline{J} \qquad \epsilon^{abc}, \epsilon^{abc}$$

C-bracket

$$V_{2} + TS^{1} + TS^{1} + V_{2}$$

$$v_{1}^{L}, v_{2}^{L} \qquad v_{1}^{R}, v_{2}^{R}$$

$$v_{\pm} = v_{1} \pm i v_{2} \qquad v_{\pm} = v_{1} \pm i v_{2}$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$$

generalized Lie derivative

The following J and \overline{J} do the job

 $[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} e^{2iy^{L}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-2iy^{L}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_{+} \\ v_{-} \\ \partial_{y^{L}} \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad J = \begin{pmatrix} e^{2iy^{R}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-2iy^{R}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_{+} \\ v_{-} \\ \partial_{y^{R}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E'_J, E'_K \end{bmatrix}_C = f^I_{JK} E'_K$$

$$J, \overline{J} \qquad \epsilon^{abc}, \epsilon^{abc}$$

\

C-bracket

$$V_{2} + TS^{1} + TS^{1} + V_{2}$$

$$v_{1}^{L}, v_{2}^{L} \qquad v_{1}^{R}, v_{2}^{R}$$

$$v_{\pm} = v_{1} \pm i v_{2} \qquad v_{\pm} = v_{1} \pm i v_{2}$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{V_1}V_2)^I = V_1^J \partial_J V_2^I + (\partial^I V_{1J} - \partial_J V_1^I) V_2^J$$

generalized Lie derivative

The following J and \overline{J} do the job

 $[V_1, V_2]_C = \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{L}_{V_1} V_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} V_1)$

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} e^{2iy^{L}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-2iy^{L}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_{+} \\ v_{-} \\ \partial_{y^{L}} \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad J = \begin{pmatrix} e^{2iy^{R}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-2iy^{R}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_{+} \\ v_{-} \\ \partial_{y^{R}} \end{pmatrix}$$

Straightforward generalization to $SU(2)^d \times SU(2)^d$



T²

 $SU(2)^2 \times SU(2)^2$

SU(3) imes SU(3) 3 positive roots : 2 simple, 1 non-simple

$$[J^{\alpha},J^{\beta}]=J^{\alpha+\beta}$$

does not arise from any obvious extension of the previous construction

T² • • • • $SU(2)^2 \times SU(2)^2$ • • • • • $SU(3) \times SU(3)$ 3 positive roots : 2 simple, I non-simple

$$[J^{\alpha}, J^{\beta}] = J^{\alpha + \beta}$$

does not arise from any obvious extension of the previous construction

Deformed generalized Lie derivative

T² • • • • $SU(2)^2 \times SU(2)^2$ • • • • • $SU(3) \times SU(3)$ 3 positive roots : 2 simple, 1 non-simple

$$[J^{\alpha}, J^{\beta}] = J^{\alpha + \beta}$$

does not arise from any obvious extension of the previous construction

Deformed generalized Lie derivative

$$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}_{E_I} E_J = \mathcal{L}_{E_I} E_J + \Omega_{IJ}{}^K E_K$$

T² • • • • $SU(2)^2 \times SU(2)^2$ • • • • • $SU(3) \times SU(3)$ 3 positive roots : 2 simple, 1 non-simple

 $[J^{\alpha}, J^{\beta}] = J^{\alpha + \beta}$

does not arise from any obvious extension of the previous construction

Deformed generalized Lie derivative

$$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}_{E_I} E_J = \mathcal{L}_{E_I} E_J + \Omega_{IJ}{}^K E_K$$

Cocycle tensor

 $\Omega_{IJK} = \begin{cases} (-1)^{\alpha*\beta} \,\delta_{\alpha+\beta+\gamma} & \text{if two roots are positive} \\ -(-1)^{\alpha*\beta} \,\delta_{\alpha+\beta+\gamma} & \text{if two roots are negative} \end{cases}$

T² • • • • $SU(2)^2 \times SU(2)^2$ • • • • • $SU(3) \times SU(3)$ 3 positive roots : 2 simple, I non-simple

 $[J^{\alpha}, J^{\beta}] = J^{\alpha + \beta}$

does not arise from any obvious extension of the previous construction

Deformed generalized Lie derivative

$$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}_{E_I} E_J = \mathcal{L}_{E_I} E_J + \Omega_{IJ}{}^K E_K$$

Cocycle tensor

$$\Omega_{IJK} = \begin{cases} (-1)^{\alpha*\beta} \,\delta_{\alpha+\beta+\gamma} & \text{if two roots are positive} \\ -(-1)^{\alpha*\beta} \,\delta_{\alpha+\beta+\gamma} & \text{if two roots are negative} \end{cases}$$

This reproduces

$$[E'_J, E'_K]_{\tilde{C}} = f^I{}_{JK}E'_K$$
 for any group

Can we find a description "good" for all moduli space ?

Can we find a description "good" for all moduli space ?



Can we find a description "good" for all moduli space ?

We can, but $SU(2) \times SU(2) \not\subset SU(3)$



Can we find a description "good" for all moduli space ?

```
\textcircled{} We can, but SU(2) \times SU(2) \not\subset SU(3)
```

Image: We need a larger group



Can we find a description "good" for all moduli space ?

```
\textcircled{} We can, but SU(2) \times SU(2) \not\subset SU(3)
```

Image: We need a larger group

```
• Shown that from SU(2) \times SU(3) \times SU(2) \times SU(3)
```



Can we find a description "good" for all moduli space ?

```
\textcircled{} We can, but SU(2) \times SU(2) \not\subset SU(3)
```

Image: We need a larger group





Can we find a description "good" for all moduli space ?

```
\textcircled{} We can, but SU(2) \times SU(2) \not\subset SU(3)
```

Image: We need a larger group



• Shown that from $SU(2) \times SU(3) \times SU(2) \times SU(3) \rightarrow SU(3) \times \mathbf{U}(1) \times SU(3) \times \mathbf{U}(1)$ $\rightarrow SU(2) \times SU(2) \times \mathbf{U}(1) \times SU(2) \times SU(2) \times \mathbf{U}(1)$

 $\rightarrow SU(2) \times U(1) \times \mathbf{U}(1) \times SU(2) \times U(1) \times \mathbf{U}(1)$







To describe all moduli space of T⁴, need to consider enhancement groups on T⁷



To describe all moduli space of T, need to consider enhancement group.

But action not a good low energy action

• DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori

- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)

- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)
- By appropriate generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action we fully recover string theory action
- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)
- By appropriate generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action we fully recover string theory action
- Frame (determines truncation) depends on y^m and \tilde{y}^m

- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)
- By appropriate generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action we fully recover string theory action
- Frame (determines truncation) depends on y^m and \tilde{y}^m

violates weak constraint satisfies level-matching

- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)
- By appropriate generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action we fully recover string theory action
- Frame (determines truncation) depends on y^m and \tilde{y}^m

violates weak constraint satisfies level-matching

$$-\frac{1}{4}(\partial_{y_L^m}^2 - \partial_{y_R^m}^2)E_A{}^M = (N - \bar{N})E_A{}^M$$

- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)
- By appropriate generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action we fully recover string theory action
- Frame (determines truncation) depends on y^m and \tilde{y}^m

violates weak constraint satisfies level-matching

$$-\frac{1}{4}(\partial_{y_L^m}^2 - \partial_{y_R^m}^2)E_A{}^M = (N - \bar{N})E_A{}^M$$

• For groups with non-simple roots we modified the bracket by cocyle tensor

- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)
- By appropriate generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action we fully recover string theory action
- Frame (determines truncation) depends on y^m and \tilde{y}^m

```
violates weak constraint satisfies level-matching
```

$$-\frac{1}{4}(\partial_{y_L^m}^2 - \partial_{y_R^m}^2)E_A{}^M = (N - \bar{N})E_A{}^M$$

- For groups with non-simple roots we modified the bracket by cocyle tensor
- For T^d, is there a vielbein depending on 2d coordinates that satisfies algebra under ordinary bracket?

- DFT description of compactification of bosonic string on stringy-size tori
- Enhancement of symmetry \rightarrow extend generalized tangent space O(adj G , adj G)
- By appropriate generalized Scherk-Schwarz reduction of DFT action we fully recover string theory action
- Frame (determines truncation) depends on y^m and \tilde{y}^m

```
violates weak constraint satisfies level-matching
```

$$-\frac{1}{4}(\partial_{y_L^m}^2 - \partial_{y_R^m}^2)E_A{}^M = (N - \bar{N})E_A{}^M$$

- For groups with non-simple roots we modified the bracket by cocyle tensor
- For T^d, is there a vielbein depending on 2d coordinates that satisfies algebra under ordinary bracket?
- We can describe all moduli space. But...
 - Systematics...?
 - Is that truncation of any use?